Timeline of Key Events:

1837 – Queen Victoria crowned (aged 18 years).

1840 - Queen marries her cousin. Prince Albert.

1840 - first ragged schools set

1844 - factory act states children could start work from age 8 but had to have 2 hours schooling daily.

1847 - factory act states women and children under 18 could only work 10 hours or less daily.

1851 - Great Exhibition.

- 1861 Prince Albert dies.
- 1863 first underground railway opens in London.
- 1867 all factory workers limited to 10 hours work daily. 1870 – Dr Barnardo opens first

home for boys.

1877 – Queen declared 'Empress of India'.

1880 - Children 5-13 required to attend school (but had to pay). 1882 - first electric power station in London.

1891 - education made free and compulsory for children 5-13. 1897 - Queen Victoria Diamond Jubilee (50 years on the throne). 1901 - Queen Victoria dies.



<u>What was it like to live in</u> <u>Victorian Britain?</u>

The Victorian period is named after Queen Victoria who reigned over Britain and a world Empire from her coronation in 1837 to her death in 1901 -64 years. Life in Victorian England was very different to today. It was a time of great wealth and poverty, as well as invention and scientific discovery.

Key Figures

Queen Victoria ~ Longest reigning monarch 1837-1901

Prince Albert ~ Husband of Queen Victoria died in 1861 aged 42.

Florence Nightingale ~ Famous nurse, best known for her care for wounded soldiers during the Crimean war. Lord Shaftsbury ~ Responsible for bringing about

the reform of Britain's factories, improving working conditions and limiting the length of the workday. **Lewis Carroll** ~ Writer and poet of children's literature

William Morris ~Producer of decorative art including textiles, furniture and wall paper.

Charles Dickins ~ Writer of classical novels eg Oliver twist and David Copperfield.

Mary Anning ~ Fossil collector and paleontologist.

Dr Barnardo ~ Founder of the charity Barnardos, providing homes and education for poor children.

Charles Darwin ~ English scientist, well known for his theory of evolution.

<u>Useful websites</u>

http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/victorians/ http://primaryfacts.com/famous-victorians/



Key Vocabulary

- British Empire ~ Countries ruled by Britain, later becomes the commonwealth
- Governess ~ A woman who taught rich girls and boys, as a paid, live-in servant.
- Industrial Revolution ~ The era of rapid and great change in industry and manufacturing with the growth of factories, beginning in the late 1700's.
- Ragged Schools ~ A school for poor children in the early 19th Century.
- Reformer ~ A person who seeks change for the better, to help others.
- Slates ~ Used for writing with a slate pencil.
- Workhouse ~ A place where people without means of support were sent to live, they got food and a bed in return for work.
- Monarchy ~ A form of government with a monarch at the head. A king or queen is the Head of State.
- Reign ~ The period of rule of a monarch.

Enquiry Questions

- When was the Victorian period?
- What was it like to be a Victorian child?
- Who was Lord Shaftesbury? Why was he important?
- What was the industrial revolution?
- What do you think happened in the Victorian era that had the most impact on life in Britain today?